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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DIVISION

IN RE: GEORGE EASF SHAHEEN,	Case No. 11-31102-KRH
Debtor.	Chapter 7

TRUSTEE'S AMENDED OBJECTION TO EXEMPTIONS

Lynn L. Tavenner, Trustee for the Bankruptcy Estate of George Easf Shaheen (the "<u>Trustee</u>"), by counsel, pursuant to Rule 4003(b)(1) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, states as follows for her amended objection to the Debtor's exemptions:

BACKGROUND

- 1. On February 22, 2011, George Easf Shaheen (the "<u>Debtor</u>") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in this Court.
- 2. The Trustee was appointed the Chapter 7 Trustee and continues to serve in such capacity.
- 3. On March 22, 2011, the Debtor filed his Schedules, including Schedule C, which asserts various exemptions (the "Exemption(s)").
- 4. On September 16, 2011, the Trustee filed the *Trustee's Objection to Debtor's Exemptions* [Docket No. 37] (the "Objection").
- 5. In response to the Objection, the Debtor filed the *Debtor's Response to Trustee's Objection to Debtor's Exemptions* [Docket No. 39] pursuant to which the Debtor requested more information.

- 6. Subsequently, the Trustee filed suit against the Debtor's spouse, Gloria Shaheen, seeking to avoid certain transfers made to her prepetition. The Debtor sought to reach a global resolution with the Trustee with respect to the Objection and an adversary proceeding but no settlement was reached and, accordingly, the Objection was amended to detail the Trustee's position.
- 7. As set forth below, certain assets identified by the Debtor are either not exempt by law, or insufficient evidence has been presented to establish the validity of such exemption, and the Court should compel the turnover of such assets.

SunTrust Checking Account

8. On the Debtor's schedules, the SunTrust Checking Accounts ending in -1878 and -1837 were identified as exempt and containing funds exclusively related to the Debtor's federal retirement account and social security account, respectively. Unless and until the Debtor presents sufficient evidence to establish the accounts contain no other funds than those identified, the exemption should be denied and the Debtor compelled to turn over the funds.

Guns, First Capital Bankshares and Bank of America Shares

9. Pursuant to the Debtor's schedules, the Debtor owns two handguns, two shotguns, a rifle, First Capital Bankshares and 600 shares of Bank of America, which the Debtor asserts are all owned as tenants-by-the-entirety (the "TBE Property"). No evidence has been presented to demonstrate the requisite intent to create such ownership is present. Without such evidence, there is no tenancy-by-the-entirety and the TBE Property must be turned over to the Debtor's estate. *See Kerr v. Dill*, 72 Va. Cir. 148, *1 (Roanoke City 2006) (noting that although Virginia Code permits ownership of personal property jointly, there must be evidence to demonstrate the creation of a tenants-by-the-entirety relationship).

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Retirement Funds

- 10. In his schedules, the Debtor included four separate accounts categorized as defined benefit pension plans. The Debtor has a total of \$1,799,177.00 in these accounts. The Debtor listed them under the heading for IRA, ERISA, Keogh or Other Pension or Profit Sharing Plans on his schedules and cites Virginia Code § 34-34. Va. Code § 34-34(B) provides that the interest of an individual under a retirement plan shall be exempt from creditors to the same extent permitted under federal bankruptcy law for such plan. Under the Bankruptcy Code, a retirement plan is exempt if those funds are held in an account exempt from taxation under§ 401, 403, 408, 408(A), 414, 457 or 501 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "IRC"). The Debtor has not specified the applicable provision of the IRC, but presumably he is relying on the funds being ERISA-qualified plans under IRC § 401.
- 11. IRC § 401 provides that a pension plan is ERISA-qualified if the plan is for the exclusive benefit of the employees. Pursuant to an opinion issued by the Department of Labor, § 2510.3-3, employee benefit plans require the business actually have employees, and a sole proprietorship without any employees does not qualify. Based on the documents provided by the Debtor in connection with his pension plans, the Debtor operated his company as a sole proprietorship without any employees other than his wife (who does not qualify). Because no employees existed, the retirement accounts are not employee benefit plans and are not exempt pursuant to § 522(d)(12). *See In re Pruner*, 140 B.R. 1, 2 (M.D. Fla. 1992).
- 12. The only other option which may have been available to the Debtor was § 522(d)(10)(E). This law allows exemption of pension plans as reasonably necessary, but not if:
 (i) such plan was established by an insider that employed the debtor; (ii) such payment is on account of age or length of service; and (iii) such plan does not qualify as tax-exempt under the

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IRC. Here, the retirements plans do not qualify under § 522(d)(10)(E). First, the plan was established by the Debtor's sole proprietorship, and it would be an insider that employed the Debtor. Second, there is no evidence presented to the Trustee that the plan is based on account of age or length of service. Finally, the plan does not qualify as tax-exempt because it is established by a sole proprietorship. The Debtor fails to establish the plan is ERISA-qualified or otherwise meet the requirements of § 522(d)(10)(E) or § 522(d)(12). Accordingly, the retirement funds are not exempt, and the proceeds of the plan are property of the bankruptcy estate that must be turned over to the Trustee.

13. With regard to the Pershing account, no information has been provided to determine the nature of the account; therefore, it is impossible to determine whether the account could qualify for an exemption.

Vehicles

14. With respect to the 2003 Mercedes S430 and the 2006 Mercedes ML500, the Debtor has failed to provide the titles indicating both the Debtor's name and his spouse's name are on the title. Until such time, there is a presumption that vehicles are not owned as tenants-by-the-entirety. Without such exemption, the value of the vehicles provided by the Debtor is substantially below market value and actual value exceeds the permissible exemption.

WHEREFORE, the Trustee respectfully requests the Court deny the Debtor's Exemptions and grant any further relief the Court deems proper.

LYNN L. TAVENNER, TRUSTEE

By: /s/ Jeremy S. Williams
Counsel

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury that on October 16, 2013, a true and exact copy of the foregoing was served via electronic mail as follows:

Counsel for Plaintiff (pending):
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By: /s/ Jeremy S. Williams
Counsel